





#### Introduction



- Betsy D. Shank, CWR
- Acorn Acres Wildlife Rehabilitation
- Certified Wildlife Rehabilitator; (CWR) is a designation by the IWRC
- Pennsylvania permitted wildlife rehabilitator
- Rehabilitating PA squirrels since April 16, 2010



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#### **Getting Started**

"There are hundreds of ways to rehabilitate animals properly. There are just a few ways of doing it poorly.

Just because your way isn't my way doesn't mean that they both

What I am about to share with you is MY way and it works, yours may too!  $\!\!\!\!''$ 

~ Diane Nickerson



#### **Getting Started**

Here is a list of supplies you should have on hand when rehabilitating squirrels.

Heating pad (no auto-shut off) or an incubator and a traveling heat source (disk, hot hands, etc)

hot hands, etc)
Q-tips or Make-up cotton rounds and Tissue
(no lotion)
Nipples (Mini and Regular Miracle Nipples

are my preferred)
Containers/Bins (small, medium, and large)
Fleece or non-woven fabrics (lots and lots)
Formula
Infant Nasal Aspirator (Little Remedies or

Formula Infant Nasal Aspirator (Little Remedies or Little Noses are my preferred) Preparation H Chlorhexidine or Novasal Wooden toys for chewing Syringes (amL, 3mL, 5mL, 10mL)
Cage with 1/8" bar spacing – any larger can be dangerous – Release Cage (1/2" hardware cloth)
Rodent block
Candle/Coffee warmer
Digital scale (g/kg)
Normal saline and Lactated ringers
Needles (gauges 23, 25, 28 – 5/8" is a great length)
Nest boxes
Items of enrichment
Water bottles (inside bin and outside cage styles)
Very sharp clippers or jewelry snips

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#### Aging Weight Additional Approx. 2 days 10-12 days Age (grams) Comments 0-1 week 8-20 • 3 inches long excluding tail • pink, no fur • eyes tightly closed 20-40 • pink, scant 1-2 fuzz of fur weeks • no fur on belly · eyes closed

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#### Aging

Approx. Age		Additional Comments
2-3 weeks	40-60	<ul> <li>4 inches long excluding tail, thin fur all over</li> <li>eyes closed</li> <li>lower front teeth (incisors) erupt at about 3 weeks of age (19 – 21 days)</li> </ul>





#### Aging

Weight Additional (grams) Comments Approx. Age • 5 inches long excluding tail, fur all over 3-4 weeks 60-90



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#### Aging

Approx. Weight Additional Comments Age (grams) 90-130 • 6 inches long excluding tail, fur all over, thinner 4-5 weeks fur on underside • upper front teeth (incisors) erupt at 4-6 weeks of age
starting to curl tail
eyes open between 4-5



weeks (27-35 days old)

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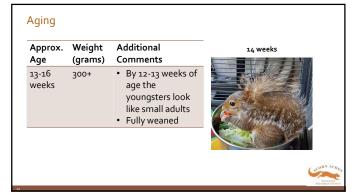
#### Aging

Approx. Age	Weight (grams)	Additional Comments
5-8 weeks	130-190	7-8 inches long, fur all over including underside of tail     eyes fully open     cheek teeth erupt at 7 weeks     can sit up & hold food in front paws     sleeping less, more active





Approx.	Weight	Additional	58 days
Age	(grams)	Comments	
8-12 weeks	200+	long fur     bushy tail     increasingly active     can climb well     By 12-13 weeks youngsters look like small adults	





# Sexing

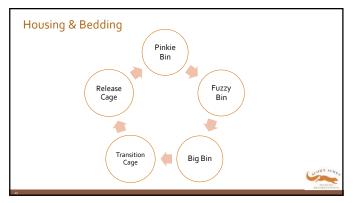
• Boy squirrels have penises and girls do not!



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# The information gathered here is for many uses! Asking for donations. Obtaining finders information for future contact and year end mailing and newsletters. Obtaining finders information for future contact and year end mailing and newsletters. It is also one of the first places the story of your patient is written.

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#### Intake Assessment

• No such thing as too much info.



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# Common Life-Threatening Issues

- Starvation
- Dehydration
- Aspiration pneumonia
- Ant bites
- Flystrike/Maggots



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#### Starvation

- The key is slow and steady, small frequent meals, and ample hydration.
- My preference for these cases is EmerAid Omnivore by Lafeber.







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# Starvation



One week after intake.



Two weeks after intake when introduced to her new sibling.



One of her last formula feedings before she weaned.

#### Starvation

- Warm, Hydrate, wean to EmerAid, wean to formula.
- Patient is usually on full formula in about 10 days allow them to guide you.





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# The Wildlife EDU Fluid The apy for Wildlife Rehabilitators class will provide a comprehensive understanding of dehydration/fluid therapy. Broper fluid therapy takes several days, they fide not dehydration a single day and fluids lost cannot be replaced in a single day. Do NOT mix your formula using hydration solution in the away to even patent roto formula that can be vewed as controvensal) Wontor urine volume/color/odor

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#### Dehydration

My method is as follows:

- Intake oral hydration solution
- ullet 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> feedings hydration solution
- $4^{th}$  and  $5^{th}$  feedings -75% hydration/25% formula
- • 6th and 7th feedings – 50% hydration/50% formula
- 8th and 9th feedings 25% hydration/75% formula
- $\bullet$  10  $^{th}$  feeding and on patient is on full strength formula





#### Dehydration

My accelerated method:

- 100% Electrostat for the first 2 feedings (generally, every 2-3 hours on a new intake)
- Next feeding: 75% Electrostat / 25% formula\*
- Next feeding: 50% Electrostat / 50% formula\*
- Next feeding: 25% Electrostat / 75% formula\*
- Next feeding and ongoing: 100% formula\*



\* As you slowly transition to formula it will take longer for baby to digest, this is when you need to look at the milk line to gauge the amount of time between feedings.



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#### **Aspiration Pneumonia**

- If a finder has offered fluids of any variety, ASSUME AP! You should be on guard and watching...2 days minimum.
- Sounds like cobwebs.
- Every. Single. One.
- •Once you hear the "click" you will be able to hear it from across the room the next time. It is a noise you do not forget.



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#### Aspiration Pneumonia

Okay so how the heck is it treated already!

- For squirrels with eyes closed, my preference is Baytril.
- •This is highly controversial. These guys crash hard and fast, sometimes you've got only hours. Baytril can turn them around.
- Eyes open my preference is Clavamox.
- •Some circles feel that squirrels cannot take Clavamox. They can, they tolerate it well, and it works very well.

Please have a plan, be prepared. Have the discussion with your vet NOW, do not wait until you have a sick baby!



#### Ant Bites



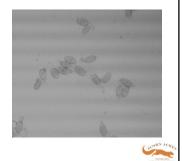
- Anticoagulant
- Necrotic tissue
- Antibiotic
- One sided
- They make it or they don't



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#### Coccidia

- Definition
- Clinical signs
- Symptoms
- Treatment
- Supportive







# Which nipple when!?

- Miracle Nipples
- Easy Grip by Henry's
- •Silicone Mothering
- Catac



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# Four Magic Words

- Warmth
- Hydration
- Consistency
- Patience



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#### Formula

- Availability.
- Which basket do you put your eggs in?
- Neonates (bald w/umbilicus less than a week old).
- Pinkie through Fuzzy till eyes open.
- Eyes open till weaning.



#### Potty Habits

- ALL babies must be stimulated to urinate and defecate.
  Q-tip for neonates.

  - •Cotton round for fuzzies.
  - •Tissues for juvies.
- Watch for genital sucking.



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# Milk Line

• Empty/Full



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#### Weighing

- Each morning each baby needs to be weighed.
- Remove baby from container, stimulate for urination/defecation, tare the scale, place on scale and record the weight on the Progress Chart. Be sure that the scale is set to GRAMS. If there is a large difference in weight from the prior day, re-tare the scale and weigh the baby again to double check.



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#### Feeding Technique

• Hold the syringe so the tip points UP towards the roof of the mouth.







# Properly Holding a Syringe



- Control the plunger
- Underhand
- Overhand
- Never point down
- Never using thumb
- Head Up/Tail Down
- Belly Feed



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# Properly Holding a Syringe





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# Feeding Amounts

- Feed 5%-7% of body weight .
- The following chart is a GUIDELINE. It contains ESTIMATES. Amount to feed is based on weight of baby.

Age in Weeks	Amount to Feed*	How Often	Night Feeding			
<1	.75-1 CC	Every 2-3 hours	Yes			
1	1-2 CC	Every 3 hours	Yes			
2	2-3 CC	Every 3-4 hours	If needed			
3	4-5.5 CC	Evert 3-4 hours	If needed			
4	6-9 cc	Every 4 hours	No			
5	10-12 CC	Every 4 hours	No			
6	12-14 CC	Every 5 hours	No			
*These are estimates. Amount fed should be based on weight of baby.						
See 5-7% feeding rule						



# Feeding Technique/Tips

- Starting the first feeding GO SLOW!
- Dripping formula.
- Choking again and again – Snorklers!



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# Feeding Technique/Tips

• Guppy face





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# Feeding Technique/Tips

• Cross contamination



#### Solid Foods



• When the eyes open, provide squirrels with quality rodent block.



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#### Solid Foods

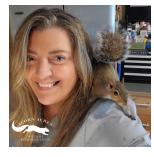


- After you can see the evidence of rodent block in their poop you may start offering them healthy veggies, such as broccoli, cauliflower, bok choy, brussel sprouts, cabbage, and arugula.
- Tough love.



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#### Time Lines



- Weaning
- Transition Cage
- Release Cage











